KOKOROKARA
“from our heart”

Winter 2020

HEART • MOUNTAIN • WYOMING • FOUNDATION
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Kokoro Kara
Volume 9, Issue 1
Editor/Designer: Kate Wilson

Have an idea for an article? Would you like to be a contributing writer? We’re interested! Write to Kate Wilson with your story ideas—these could include a profile of a former incarceree, a specific aspect of the Japanese American experience before/during/after the war, or an act of kindness from a non-incarceree, just to name a few.
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Change of address? Contact Danielle Constein to update your contact information and for questions regarding membership & donations.
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Check out the Newsletter page on our new and improved website to read all past issues of Kokoro Kara!

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Cover Image:
Photo by Yoshio Okumoto
Okumoto Collection, HMWF
Across Oceans & Generations: 
The Language of Shared History

Chair Shirley Ann Higuch

Last November, I found myself in an assisted living center in Takeo City, Japan, speaking through an interpreter to Sumiko Aikawa, beloved niece of my grandmother, Chiye Higuchi. Though Sumiko is 89 years old now, the interpreter was scarcely necessary. The power of what happened to our family during World War II overcame any language barrier.

Sumiko told me about the night in 1957 that Chiye explained to her how the Higuchi family had lost their farm in San Jose and were sent to a dusty and windswept corner of Wyoming where the Heart Mountain concentration camp was located. She held me in her arms and told me she could feel my grandmother in me. At that moment, she was crying with me.

Sumiko’s story provided the compelling end to my upcoming book—Setsuko’s Secret: Heart Mountain and the Legacy of the Japanese American Incarceration. I would not have had the chance to talk with her if not for the Japanese Ministry of Foreign Affairs selecting me to travel to Japan and talk about my family’s experiences, as part of its Japan Up Close program.

I owe opportunities like this not only to my family history, but my work with the Heart Mountain Wyoming Foundation. The support of our members and the efforts of our grounded and dedicated staff enable us to reach ever-growing numbers of people with the story of the Japanese American incarceration, and to ensure that something like it never happens again. The challenges are daunting. Impulses in our society push us toward fear and insensitivity, but we remain strong.

Our commitment is a beacon for those who believe in consensus, caring, and connection. I was reminded of that while at a New Year’s celebration at the home of Japanese Ambassador to the United States Shinzuke Sugiyama, where I was able to catch up with our dear friends Norman and Deni Mineta. Last July, Ambassador Sugiyama and his late wife Yoko visited our Pilgrimage and came away as believers in our mission. At the New Year’s event, we presented him with a beautiful photo book of his visit. During his talk at the reception, he held up the book to the assembled crowd and told them how much his time at Heart Mountain meant to him, Yoko, and the rest of the embassy team that came with him.

Another guest at the Pilgrimage last July was Linda Aratani, whose family foundation supports many of the cultural and artistic institutions in Little Tokyo and greater Los Angeles. With Executive Director Dakota Russell, she toured our iconic root cellar and saw the work being done to restore it. Just a few weeks ago, the Aratani Foundation granted us the funds to complete the root cellar, and for that we are eternally grateful. Soon our visitors, students, and educators will be able to enter that magnificent space and see firsthand how Japanese Americans strove to feed their people behind barbed wire. For me, that grant and Ambassador Sugiyama’s comments were two more signs that we remain on the right path to growth and sustainability. There have been many.

In December, I was joined by my aunt, Kathleen Saito Yuille, and her daughter, Vanessa, for a week at the Rancho La Puerta in Tecate, Mexico. Kathleen was born at Heart Mountain and serves on our Foundation’s board of directors. Alongside David Ono, the ABC7 journalist in Los Angeles, we gave four presentations about Heart Mountain and the Japanese American experience. During that week, dozens of other guests at the ranch approached us to say how moved they were by our talks and the power of the Heart Mountain story. Many had heard about us on an episode of WNYC radio’s Death, Sex & Money podcast, which host Anna Sale recorded during the Pilgrimage in July. All those messages brought home the scope of what happened at Heart Mountain and encouraged them to share that story with others. That experience gets repeated whenever any of us shares the larger story of the incarceration and its lessons for America in 2020 and beyond. That’s why, as I write this in the early months of 2020, I know we’re on the verge of our best year yet.

Many challenges remain for society at large, and our Japanese American community in particular. Our community, while it salves many of the wounds created 78 years ago with the signing of Executive Order 9066, still has challenges to overcome. I remain hopeful, however, when I see how successful we have become in bridging many of those political divides as we work with the local community in Cody and Powell. I remain inspired by the examples of bipartisan leadership shown by Norman Mineta and Alan Simpson, which started in 1943 with a Boy Scout jamboree inside the barbed wire. I remain committed to our cause and I know we will succeed.

I look forward to working with you in 2020, the year associated with wealth and high fertility. As Milton Berle once said, “If opportunity doesn’t knock, build a door.”

Stay inspired.

I dedicate this column to the late Yoko Sugiyama, a devoted friend to Heart Mountain.
Correction: Please note that the photos of Tets Bessho and the Surf Riders in the "Songs on the Wind" article of the Summer/Autumn issue of Kokoro Kara were taken by George Hirahara and not Frank Hirahara, as they were credited.

Another surprising showcase for Heart Mountain came about through board secretary Aura Newlin's participation in the Women in Wyoming project. Lindsay Linton Buk began this multimedia initiative in 2016, as a way to profile the diverse lives of women in the Equality State. The project was recently adapted into an exhibit at the Buffalo Bill Center of the West in Cody. To learn more about Aura’s participation, see page 15.

This recent interest, coming from such a wide range of sources, reminds us that the work of the Foundation isn’t wholly rooted in the past. People also look to Heart Mountain as a point of reference to try and understand issues in the modern world. As we embark on a new year, full of new projects and opportunities, let’s renew our commitment to fostering that understanding.

The workshops are part of the Landmarks of American History and Culture program, an initiative designed to use the power of place to instruct teachers for grades five through twelve about critical pieces of American history. Heart Mountain is the first institution in Wyoming to receive such a grant.

At present, enough teacher applications have been received to fill both sessions, and more are coming in each day. Word is spreading through the education community about this opportunity, and the Institute hopes to hold more workshops in the future.

Details & Registration @ heartmountain.org/pilgrimage

Welcome!

The Heart Mountain Wyoming Foundation is pleased to welcome a new member to our board of directors: Lia Nitake. A native of Torrance, California, Nitake is a public affairs consultant based in Sacramento. Her experience in economic development policy spans the local, state, and international levels. She also serves on the board of the Asian Pacific Islander American Public Affairs Greater Sacramento Chapter. Nitake holds a B.A. from California State University Long Beach and an M.A. from the Johns Hopkins University’s School of Advanced International Studies. She is the granddaughter of Heart Mountain incarceree (Taro Inouye, 1st Lt. Takeshi Nakatani, and David & Ruth Nitake). Her grandfather served in the Military Intelligence Service.

TEACHER WORKSHOPS
Reaching Students through Education and Experience

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The Terror: Infamy follows a Japanese American community beset by horrors both human and supernatural. Season two of the AMC Network’s horror anthology follows the characters as they are forcibly removed from their home on Terminal Island to a fictionalized confinement site called “Colinas de Oro Relocation Center” after the bombing of Pearl Harbor.

The show uses the lens of kaidan (Japanese ghost stories) to explore the parallels of the horrors of evil spirits and the horrors people can inflict on each other in real life. Kokoro Kara visited the production on set in Vancouver, British Columbia last Spring, and spoke with showrunner/co-creator/executive producer/writer Alexander Woo to discuss the motivation behind featuring this chapter in American history and the process of translating it to the screen.
KK: Why did you choose to focus on Japanese American confinement sites and incarcerees? What drew you to that particular chapter in history and that particular segment of WWII?

AW: The original idea was pitched to AMC by my co-creator Max Borenstein, who had been inspired by a talk he had seen George Takei give, something like 20 years ago. When AMC was soliciting pitches for a new season, Max thought of that and pitched it to [the network]. I was the beneficiary of Max’s extremely successful screenwriting career because he wasn’t available to write the pilot or run the show—being part of the AMC family, they asked me to step in and I eagerly agreed. It’s easy to imagine anyone being inspired to want to tell this story on a larger scale after hearing a former incarceree tell their story, especially one with George’s passion and craft as a professional actor.

KK: Is there a particular significance to featuring this topic now? Do you think that the focus on the Japanese American community and this particular part of World War II would have been supported or given the green light in the past, even ten years ago?

AW: I think it would have, it just would have been very different. We were able to tell this from a Japanese American perspective. You think of other depictions on screen, at least for the mainstream market, and often it’s through a white lens. I can imagine not even 10, maybe 5 years ago, that would have been a request that another network might ask for—"We want it to be relatable for all the people who aren’t Japanese American, can we have a white character be the hero of this?" To AMC’s credit, they never once pushed back on the storyline or the composition of the cast. They were fully supportive of the entire time about telling the story from a Japanese American point of view because it’s a Japanese American story. So I think the story could have been made on television at some point in the past, but probably not in quite this way. To answer the other part of the question, there is of course a particular significance now. I would actually say that the struggles of the immigrant experience have been relevant forever—it would have been relevant if we’d done the show in the ’60s or the ’70s or the ’80s or the ’90s, and probably would be relevant in 20 years, 30 years, because as an immigrant story, there is something universal and constant about it.

KK: What was your process/what criteria did you have for casting the show?

AW: It started very practically. We wanted actors who could speak Japanese because they would be speaking Japanese to one another and we didn’t want to have to teach people how to speak Japanese or have them figure it out phonetically. So that was our first criteria. It should have been obvious to me at the time, but it wasn’t: if we were bringing in Japanese-speaking actors here in the United States, it was highly likely that many of them, nearly all of them, would have had family members who were sent to a camp. So what we discovered in the casting process is that actors would come in and they’d bring photographs of their grandparents, mementoes, books, and objects that showed how personal this was to them. As we were putting together the cast, it became very important to us to have as many people with that personal investment in the story as possible. As the casting process continued and we saw that this could be possible, we endeavored to have every single Japanese American character played by an actor of Japanese descent. And we managed to pull it off. It wasn’t easy—it required a lot of searching, but we figured it was only right for this particular cast to tell this particular story.

KK: What were the methods of research for you and your team in terms of creating the story and characters, designing the sets, and generally bringing this season to the screen?

AW: We wanted to recognize that we weren’t making up the story—we were telling the story of more than 100,000 people who lived through this experience over 70 years ago. So in order to tell their story as accurately as possible, we availed ourselves of every avenue we could find, whether it was books, archives, oral histories, etc. We brought in a number of people who lived through the incarceration, and we cast an actor who is arguably the most notable living person who was incarcerated [George Takei]. We immersed ourselves as deeply as possible in order to tell these people’s stories.

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From top, L-R: Shingo Usami, Naoko Mori, Derek Mio, Cristina Rodlo, Miki Ishikawa, George Takei, & Kiki Sukezane, actors in the series.

Set of The Terror: Infamy, filmed in Vancouver, BC.

All portraits by Maxine Helfman, courtesy of AMC.
“It’s a cultural piece, so many of the elements are focused on the first generation of Japanese Americans [and what they went through]. And then you have the supernatural aspect of what [the Japanese immigrants’] superstitions are, feeling like they could possibly be haunted...I feel so privileged to be part of it and to tell the story of their survival and resilience.”

Miki Ishikawa, who plays Nisei character Amy Yoshida

“I’m excited for audiences to see an Asian American story to be told on mainstream television—we don’t see this often. Audiences are craving diversity, so we have a lot of that in our show—our characters are speaking Japanese, but it’s all through the language of story. Family and sacrifice and love, these are all universal languages.”

Derek Mio, who plays Nisei character Chester Nakayama

“It’s a very important story to tell Americans and to tell the world, that we all should know—that this happened. We’re just repeating the same mistakes over and over.”

George Takei, who plays Issei character Yamato-san

“It’s an American story that all Americans should know about, just like slavery, or what happened to the Native Americans. And yet our history books have been very mute on the subject.”

Derek Mio, who plays Nisei character Chester Nakayama

“‘It’s not just a horror story, it’s more of a human story—people dealing with the unknown. The ghosts are scary, but what human beings do to each other is a lot more scary...I feel so privileged to be part of it and to tell the story of their survival and resilience.’

Shingo Usami, who plays Issei character Henry Nakayama

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George Takei, who plays Issei character Yamato-san

“There’s something very particular about Japanese horror, I feel. It’s more of a scene, like an underlying current. Whether you’re a horror fan or a drama fan or you’re interested in the historical aspects, I think there is something in it for everyone.”

Naoko Mori, who plays Issei character Asako Nakayama

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Cristina Rodlo, who plays Mexican American character Luz Ojeda
Can you speak about working on the delicate balance of featuring this subject matter in a horror/supernatural setting while also being sensitive to the material and the history?

To us, the goal/strategy for using this genre lens was to use the genre vocabulary as a way to help the viewer feel the emotional experience of the characters who are living through this terrible incarceration. We are by no means the first to do it—many successful movies and TV shows have done this as well. There’s a danger, always, when you’re doing a period piece, for it to feel musty—there’s a feeling of safety—it’s there behind a piece of glass. What I wanted to avoid was for the viewer to feel safe, because that’s not what the characters are experiencing. So we employed the vocabulary of ghost stories, kaidan, and the Japanese horror stories that were descended from it, to allow the viewer to build empathy and make the viewer feel what it was like to be in those characters’ skin. The rule we tried to follow was that if we could employ that genre vocabulary to advocate the emotional journey of the characters, we would use it. If it was just prurient, we would set it aside—then we would just be using it for horror’s sake. So that was our North Star for how we used genre in telling this particular story.

Now that the season has finished, were there any unexpected challenges or issues that arose during production?

An expected challenge is always that there are never enough resources to do everything you want to do, especially time. An unexpected challenge was that we had written most of the scripts before we started production and with the exception of George Takei, we didn’t really know how the dialogue would sound in those actors’ mouths (we all know what George sounds like). It only took a couple of days on set to understand the rhythms of these actors—we realized they were all so gifted that they could convey the emotional experience with far less dialogue than we gave to them. We had often written very long monologues that many of these actors could convey with just a single look or a couple of words. So we stripped away some of the dialogue and towards the end of the season, we could write to that particular instrument more effectively. Generally you don’t want to be doing this during shooting, as things are so hectic, but that was an adjustment we had to make.

What was your ultimate goal in creating this season of The Terror and do you feel that you have achieved it?

Well there’s a very wide spectrum of viewers that we were reaching, hoped to reach, and did reach. On one hand you have people whose families lived through the incarceration, or themselves might have lived through it as well, who are extremely familiar with the subject matter, extremely sensitive about the subject matter, who want to see it portrayed sensitively and accurately and respectfully, but are also excited about seeing the story told on a larger scale. On the other end, there are probably more people who know very little, possibly nothing at all, about this experience. As we would be showing them these moments in history, what one of these camps looked like for the very first time, there was a responsibility across a very large range of familiarity levels. We hoped to be able to reach out to everyone, but across the board we wanted all the viewers to feel emotionally connected with what the characters on the screen were going through and to feel emotionally engaged, and to understand a little bit what it was like to live in the shoes of those people at that time. Then maybe by extension, they could understand the plight of immigrants all the way to the present day. Do I feel we achieved it? I suppose to the people we reached, yes I think we did. I felt it was really well-received and something that we’re all very proud of.
Throughout Wyoming’s history, its women have been brave, strong, and impactful. I created Women in Wyoming three years ago to tell the inspiring stories of contemporary Wyoming women through art and media, celebrating their achievements, power, and learned wisdom. I’ve traveled thousands of miles, capturing the stories of these women through film photography and audio interviews. My project culminated in 2019 (the 150th anniversary of Wyoming recognizing women’s right to vote) and 2020 (the 100th anniversary of the 19th Amendment) with a multimedia exhibit at the Buffalo Bill Center of the West in Cody. My mission was to create a powerful collective of contemporary female role models—from artists to politicians, ranchers, authors, business-women and community stewards. Aura Newlin is one of those women.
Aura is an anthropologist, educator, advocate, and public speaker whose Wyoming roots run deep. A fourth-generation Japanese American Wyomingite, she grew up in Riverton. Her parents, former Peace Corps volunteers, exposed Aura and her siblings to a broader world through international volunteer work. This global imprint influenced Aura’s interest in learning about other cultures and led her to become an anthropologist.

After she completed her studies, Aura landed her dream job teaching anthropology and sociology at Northwest College in Powell, a mere fifteen miles from Heart Mountain, where her relatives had been incarcerated during World War II. She notes that working as an educator in such close proximity to her relatives’ experience “feels like destiny.” In addition to teaching her students, she speaks around the state and to legal audiences around the country about what happened at Heart Mountain and the Japanese American incarceration.

Aura strives to share the world with her students by introducing them to anthropology and the practice of “questioning whether something is normal and natural or if that’s just seemingly normal and natural because that’s the way you were raised.” In her words, anthropology is about “compassion and empathy—to understand what someone else’s experiences are through their eyes.” The positive outcome of opening up the mind to this way of thinking leads directly to the core of being human. “If we make an effort to hear people out, learn about their realities, and try to empathize with their situations, it is harder to fear and hate them, and it’s easier to feel compassion toward them.”

Each summer since Heart Mountain Interpretive Center opened in 2011, the Heart Mountain Wyoming Foundation has held a Pilgrimage at the site. When I asked Aura why people would want to come back to the places where their families were incarcerated, she said they “return to these sites of trauma and try to heal, try to pick up the pieces. Now more and more people, including the younger generations, are reconnecting with that past and hopefully committing to healing within our own community, but also reaching out to other groups who benefit from the authenticity of our voice.”
Aura says that when she speaks about Heart Mountain, no matter who her audience is, she wants them to “remain cautious about what happened to the Japanese Americans during World War II and how that could very well happen again if we’re not careful about protecting our democracy all the time…I try to contextualize how Japanese Americans were perceived at the time and how that allowed them to so easily be rounded up and placed into camps based on really as it turns out, nothing but their race…whatever ethnic group might be targeted at a particular time may be vulnerable again if we’re not careful about learning from lessons of the past.”

Reflecting on why she continues to educate her students and speak to various audiences, Aura says, “We need to embrace the bad along with the good, because it’s part of what makes us who we are. I don’t see Heart Mountain as something that belongs to Japanese American history. It is American history, and it is Wyoming history. As I go around the state talking with different communities about this, I hope to instill some of that passion and hope that I feel about this history. I would like to continue to have a voice at the national level and to be heard because we have an important story that needs to be told, and I like telling it.”

“I think that the story of picking up the pieces after the war is often lost. The three years of wartime imprisonment was such a disruption and it destroyed so many futures…we’re now seeing the effects of generational trauma.

Lindsay Linton Buk is the founder and director of the Women in Wyoming project. She is a photographer, artist, and fifth-generation Wyomingite. Women in Wyoming is on exhibit at the Buffalo Bill Center of the West in Cody through August 2, 2020.
In the past year, the Heart Mountain Wyoming Foundation added several important historical pieces to our collections. Many of these artifacts were treasured family heirlooms donated by former incarcerees and their descendants. Others, however, came from unusual places. Eagle-eyed supporters of our Foundation discovered objects from Heart Mountain that had found their way into flea markets, estate sales, thrift stores, and more. We’re grateful for the donors who entrust us with objects that have special meaning to them and their families, and for the donors who rescue artifacts that might otherwise have been destroyed. Below are some of the highlights of pieces we collected in 2019.

**Pin and Earrings**
HMWF 2019.014
Gift of Cheryl “Sherry” Uyeda

Pins and earrings collected in camp by Hironi Uyeda were brought to the 2019 Heart Mountain Pilgrimage by Sherry Uyeda.

The Heart Mountain Pilgrimage brings over three hundred people to the museum and historic site. Many attendees take advantage of this annual event to bring their family artifacts for donation. Large, bulky items and small, fragile items can be difficult to ship and often travel better safely packed in a carry-on or transported via car.

If you plan on bringing an item to the Pilgrimage or on a trip to the museum, please get in touch first to discuss our collections needs and the process of donating.
Contact the registrar at archives@heartmountain.org.

**Painted Wood Carving**
HMWF 2019.002.001
Gift of Dennis F. Davies, in memory of Jutta A.L. Davies

This scene, carved from a piece of shiplap, features rows of barracks and Heart Mountain centered prominently in the background. Wood carving was one of the community activities that took place in the camp. Wood scraps left over from the building of the camp or from shipping crates became project materials. This carving was found by Dennis F. Davies in the bottom of a grocery cart at the Salvation Army Store in Bullhead City, Arizona. “As a person who has spent a life working with wood I was amazed at the detailed three dimensional carving,” says Davies, who immediately recognized it as a Heart Mountain artifact.

**Geta**
HMWF 2019.008.001
Gift of Auntie Q Antiques, Frank Bohan

Traditional Japanese geta were a popular footwear choice in camp, especially when melting snow turned the Heart Mountain streets into mud. Geta were inexpensive to make out of readily available materials like scrap wood and fabric. The high stands on the sole kept the wearer’s feet above the mud. This pair also features a toe cover to protect against the snow. Frank Bohan, an antiques dealer from Cody, Wyoming, came across these geta when he purchased the estate of a local farm where camp incarcerees worked during the war.
Collections Donors

Thank you to our 2019 Donors!

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Donations to the Collections Care Fund go towards the preservation and management of artifacts in our care. If you are interested in donating, please use the form below or go to www.heartmountain.org/artifact-donations for more information.

[Form]

I would like to donate to the HMWF Collections Care Fund

Name(s): _____________________________________________ Mr. Mrs. Ms.
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HEART MOUNTAIN WYOMING FOUNDATION, 1539 Road 19, Powell, WY 82435

Farewell!

This winter, we said goodbye to registrar Danielle McAdams, who left Heart Mountain to accept a position with the museum at the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts in Philadelphia. During her tenure with Heart Mountain, McAdams implemented procedures and policies that helped us to better care for our artifact collections and chart a course for our collecting in the future. She also established this recurring “Dusted Off” section in the newsletter, refreshed our Volunteer program, and was integral in crafting our traveling exhibits. We wish her all the best in her upcoming endeavors!

Donated by the Buffalo Bill Center of the West, this mimeograph machine has a long history of use. It was used by the staff of the Heart Mountain Sentinel to print the earliest issues of the weekly newspaper. Eventually, a deal was made with the Cody Enterprise to print Heart Mountain's paper, but this machine was still used to create the "Sentinel Supplement," which published late-breaking news. It may also have been used to print other camp publications, like monthly literature journals and the high school newspaper, the Heart Mountain Echo.
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MEMBERSHIP

If you are receiving this issue of Kokoro Kara, it means that you have contributed to the Heart Mountain Wyoming Foundation in the past. We appreciate that support, and we hope we can count on you in the future, as well. If you’ve never been a member of the Foundation, or if you have let your membership lapse, we encourage you to sign up today.

As a member, you will receive free admission to the interpretive center and access to special events and early registration for the Heart Mountain Pilgrimage. You will also begin receiving Kokoro Kara magazine, which features the latest news from Heart Mountain, insightful features on the camp’s history, and commentary on contemporary issues of importance to Japanese Americans and people of all backgrounds.

Membership contributions are vital to us in maintaining the interpretive center and historic site, offering programming for visitors and school groups, and reaching new audiences around the country through traveling exhibits, events, and this magazine. As a member, you will be joining a broad coalition of supporters who choose to make an annual commitment to our mission. Together, we can preserve what remains of the camp, educate the public about this history, and use the lessons learned from Heart Mountain to prevent future injustices.

The Heart Mountain Wyoming Foundation is a community of dedicated and passionate people who believe in the power of this place. We invite you to become part of that community.

Memorial Contribution Options:
- General Donations: We rely on general donations to support museum operations, to provide programming for visitors and school groups, and to maintain our facilities at Heart Mountain Interpretive Center.
- Collections: Make a general donation to help us keep our doors open or donate to a specific fund.
- Roots Cellar: Support us in developing the original barrack we returned to the Heart Mountain site.
- Save-A-Barrack: Help us to preserve and interpret the only remaining structure at Heart Mountain designed and built by Japanese American incarcerees.
- Endowment: Contributions to our endowment fund ensure that the Foundation will remain sustainable long into the future.
- Memory & Justice Endowment: Recognize a loved one by having their name or a message etched into a brick in the Interpretive Center entryway.
- Commemorative Brick Paver: Recognize a loved one by having their name or a message etched into a brick in the Interpretive Center entryway.

Visit www.heartmountain.org/join-and-give for more information on all giving opportunities.

ROAM Reciprocal Museum Membership

Heart Mountain members at the Friend level ($100) or above are entitled to receive free admission not just at the Heart Mountain Interpretive Center, but at 350+ other museums nationwide!

This initiative is offered through the Reciprocal Organizations of Associated Museums (ROAM). Eligible members will receive at least two complimentary admissions and depending on the museum, may also receive gift shop discounts or access to members-only events.

For more information, and to see a list of participating museums, visit https://sites.google.com/site/roammuseums/.
Join us for a fun-filled day with games, crafts, and treats!

Children's Day Festival

Saturday, May 2, 2020 • 10:00am-4:00pm

www.heartmountain.org/events